Applicant would like to thank the Examiner for the careful consideration given the

present application. The application has been carefully reviewed in light of the Office action, and

amended as necessary to more clearly and particularly describe the subject matter which applicant

regards as the invention.

The Examiner objected to claim 3 because the term "coire cores" should be "coil cores."

Applicant notes that claim 3 has been amended.

The Examiner rejected claims 1-23 under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by

Applicant's cited prior art Tomoichirou et al., Japan Pat. No. 2003-206813. Tomoichirou does

not teach all the limitations of claims 1 and 12. More specifically Tomoichirou does not teach

"an induction heating element...said induction heating element being disposed along said heat

roller to face at least a part of said heat roller." Tomoichirou teaches the use of multiple

induction heating elements spaced at intervals along the length of the roller. Applicant directs

the Examiner's attention to Figure 5 of Tomoichirou. Figure 5 shows three separate induction

heating elements L1, L2, and L3 spaced at intervals the length of a fixing roller 10. The

induction elements do not extend the along the length of the fixing roller but instead are spaced

at intervals the length of the fixing roller. Therefore, Tomoichirou does not show or teach an

induction heating element disposed along the length of a heat roller.

Tomoichirou does not teach all the limitations of claims 1, 2, 8, 12, 13, 19, and 23. More

specifically Tomoichirou does not teach "...said plurality of coil cores such that a longitudinal

direction of one of said plurality of coil cores forms a predetermined angle with said longitudinal

direction of said induction heating element." Figure 3 of Tomoichirou shows the induction

heating element L1 coiled around a middle leg of the its substance core 1e. Since the

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longitudinal direction of a part is defined as the length of that part, the longitudinal direction of

the induction heating element L1 would be the length of the coiled portion. Therefore, the

longitudinal direction of both the induction heating coil and substance core would be in the same

direction (from right to left). Thus, the longitudinal direction of the induction heating element

and substance core would be parallel and no angle would exist between the two.

Therefore, Tomoichirou does not teach all the limitations of claims 1, 2, 8, 12, 13, 19, and

23.

Tomoichirou does not teach all the limitations of claims 11 and 22. More specifically,

Tomoichirou does not teach "wherein length of induction heating element is larger than length

of the heat roller..." Figure 5 of Tomoichirou clearly shows that the length of the any one of the

induction heating coils L1, L2, and L3 is not larger in length that the fixing (heating) coil 10.

Thus, Tomoichirou does not teach all the limitations of claims 11 and 22.

Applicant further notes that claims 3-7, 9, 10, 14, 17, and 18 depend either directly or

: ;

indirectly on independent claim 1 and claims 15, 16, 20, and 21 depend either directly or

indirectly on independent claim 12 and thus all arguments pertaining to claims 1 and 12 are

applicable to these dependent claims and are herein incorporated by reference.

The Examiner rejected claims 24 and 25 under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by

Applicant's cited prior art, Takagi et al., U.S. Pat. No. 6,078,781. Takagi does not the all the

limitations of claim 24. More specifically Takagi does not teach "an inductive heating unit

having a magnetizing coil which is opposed to the outer peripheral surface of the heat generating

member...and wound along the direction of the circumference of the heat generating member..."

Referring to Figure 1 and to column 7, lines 12-50 of Takagi, Figure 1 clearly shows the entire

induction heating unit 102, including the coils 111, positioned inside the heating roller 103 and

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not along the outer peripheral surface of the heating roller. Thus, Tomoichirou does not teach

all the limitations of claim 24.

Applicant further notes that claim 25 depends directly independent claim 24 and thus all

arguments pertaining to claim 24 are applicable to claim 25 and are herein incorporated by

reference.

In light of the foregoing, it is respectfully submitted that the present application is in a

condition for allowance and notice to that effect is hereby requested. If it is determined that the

application is not in a condition for allowance, the Examiner is invited to initiate a telephone

interview with the undersigned attorney to expedite prosecution of the present application.

If there are any additional fees resulting from this communication, please charge same

to our Deposit Account No. 16-0820, our Order No. 35874.

Respectfully submitted,

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By:

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Date: November 8, 2004